

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIV.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## THIS IS THE DAY

Which Will Make a Change in Our History,

## AND A CHANGE IN POLITICS

The Democratic Headquarters Is Certain of a Victory

## OVER THE MAN WITH A HISTORIC HAT

Everything Is Ready for the Great Battle Which Begins This Morning—Some of the Latest Estimates.

New York, November 7.—(Special)—The condition of affairs in New York to-night is all the democrats could wish. The city is quiet, so to speak, and the general situation is superb.

I have just left Mr. Dickinson, who says:

"My confidence in the election of Cleveland and Stevenson is absolute. Democratic victory is now certain. All doubt has been removed by full and conclusively satisfactory advices from all of the southern states in which our opponents have made a pretense of contesting, as well as from New York, Indiana, Connecticut, New Jersey, Michigan and Wisconsin. Information from the western and the far-western states justifies the hope of an impending political revolution that will add a number of electoral votes to those admitted to be sure for Cleveland, as well as lose several others to Harrison in states heretofore republican. We owe much to the admirable management of the democratic state organizations, especially those in close and doubtful states. Their work has been efficient and the result of it is now apparent in the confidence which the people feel that tomorrow will witness the election of Cleveland and Stevenson.

Sheerin Says Indiana Is Safe.

After leaving Mr. Dickinson, I called on Secretary Sheerin, the genial Indiana representative on the committee. Here are his exact words taken down and read to him before they were put on the wire:

"There is no question about how Indiana will go tomorrow. Our party has never before been so thoroughly organized.

Chairman Taggart, the state committee and the several county committees have done most admirable work. It is due to the republican leaders to say that they have made an honest, intelligent effort to organize their party and so far as it has been possible they have a good organization; but the conditions have been against them. Every one who has had much experience in politics knows that there are times when perfect organization is impossible, when there can be no cohesion induced, no matter how hard it might be striven for. The republican party of Indiana is in that condition today. Many of its members agree with us on the tariff issue and many more have personal reasons sufficiently strong to make them decidedly weak in the support of Mr. Harrison. The people of Indiana believe in Mr. Cleveland. They want tariff reform, honest administration of the government, and the stamping out of federal interference in local elections. Indiana will certainly go democratic by not less than 8,000 and probably by a larger plurality."

The Committee and the People Confident.

The committee is unanimously confident as to Cleveland's election. Mr. Croker, with whom I have just talked, is positive of a majority in this state of 50,000, and Governor Flower entertains the same opinion.

The betting is two to one on the state and very few republican takers are in sight. Several bets have been wired to Philadelphia. Even money on 18,000 majority for New York state is offered. The betting is even here on the general result.

It is impossible to outline what will be done by that wile Davenport and his helpers. He will be met and every inch contested. His marshals will not be permitted to enter the booths. The conservative people here are disgusted and it is safe to say that the action of the administration in this attempt to override and totally disregard all law and state authority has made many votes for democracy.

It is raining now and indications are tomorrow will be democratic weather.

Committee-man French, of Connecticut, telegraphing from Seymour, said:

"I have just seen Chairman Davis. He has no doubt of success in this state. I fully agree with him."

Now reports continued to come in from Illinois. The landslide in that state is expected to sweep that state and not only carry Aligel to victory, but the Cleveland electors also.

At democratic national headquarters to-night every man felt that victory was in the air. It will be good democratic weather tomorrow and Cleveland is expected to roll up such a vote that the party of the robber tariff and bribery will never be able to crawl from under the avalanche.

IMPORTING REPUBLICAN THUGS.

But Tammany's Men Will Be Too Sharp for Them.

New York, November 7.—(Special)—No alarm is felt at democratic headquarters over the plots of Hackett, Disher and Martin, in West Virginia. Notwithstanding Fugitive Disher's colonization the state is regarded as safe for Cleveland. Dave Martin has brought a lot of negroes into New York from Maryland, Washington and Philadelphia. He expects to vote them here tomorrow and lower Tammany's big majority for the national ticket in this city. He may as well as to vote Cleveland. Martin has also imported a lot of Philadelphia thugs to act as deputy marshals. These men belong to the worst gang in Philadelphia, and it is said that many of them have their pictures in the rogue's gallery. It is certain that some of them will be recognized by the detectives, and if they are

tempt any crooked work they will go to jail, marshal or no marshal.

Everything Looks Lovely.

All the members of the national committee in town will be at their respective headquarters to receive the returns. At the democratic headquarters Chairman Harry, ex-Secretary Whitney, Senator Gorman and Messrs. Dickinson, Sheerin, Sherry, Snell, Quincy and Wallace will be present. Mr. Cleveland will remain at his home, No. 12 W. Fifty-first street, all day after casting his vote, and in the evening he will be informed of how the election has gone in the various states by messengers from headquarters.

Chairman Harry will run over to Philadelphia in the morning to vote and come back immediately. Secretary Sheerin, the national committee, returned from Indiana yesterday. He said:

"You think he will carry these states?"

"I do. At any rate, that is the purpose of my information. I am simply basing my opinion on that. I have not been in a position, personally, to post myself and I am depending for information upon headquarters. I have no reason to doubt the information and I think there can be no question about Harrison's election."

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## MUTUAL PROTECTION

Causes the Holders of the Underlying Bonds

TO JOIN THEMSELVES TOGETHER  
In Order that the Interests of All  
May Be Watched.

## RICHMOND AND DANVILLE COMMITTEE

Makes Its Report and the Bond Holders  
Are Fully Posted As to Its  
The Contents of the Report.

Baltimore, November 7.—The committee of underlying bondholders in the Richmond and Danville system have issued an important address to underlying bondholders as follows:

"After careful investigation and most thoughtful consideration, the committee appointed to look after the interests of the underlying bonds in the Richmond and Danville system, has concluded that it is absolutely necessary that holders of underlying bonds, and more especially those upon which there have been a default of interest, shall join together for the protection of their mutual interests and the enforcement of their just and legal claims.

"The policy of parties heretofore controlling the Richmond & Danville Company clearly indicated an interest in the bonds and stocks of the Richmond & West Point Terminal and Warehouse Company paramount to any they may have held in securities of the Richmond & Danville Company, or of such underlying bonds and shares as may be endorsed or otherwise guaranteed by Richmond & Danville Company securities deposited as collateral for bonds and preferred stock of the Terminal Company are almost entirely subordinate and junior liens to each and every endorsement and guarantee of the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, and cannot be enforced until your prior claims are satisfied.

"The Richmond & Danville underlying bondholders committee has adopted the following general plan of operation, which shall guide it in its future work:

1. That this committee proposes to act for all bondholders in the Richmond and Danville system, omitting none, and that it will call for the pooling of the funds of various bondholders only when, in the judgment of the committee, it may be necessary, in order to carry out its present purpose.

2. That, in the judgment of this committee, it is for the best interest of bondholders of both the Richmond & Danville system that the integrity of the system should be preserved, and that, if it should become necessary to sell property for the payment of bonds, it should be sold at a moderate price, but should the committee deem it wise, it should be sold at a high price.

3. That the committee will endeavor to make the stockholders of the Richmond & Danville system, or of such underlying bonds as may be held by the committee, who endeavor to secure a safe sale of their stock property, and will endeavor to mature a plan for the purchase and a suitable reorganization of such division properties.

4. That the work of this committee shall be directed and confined solely to the protection and promotion of the interests of the holders of such bonds of the Richmond & Danville system, and for as far as may be deposited with the committee.

In pursuance of this plan, the committee hereby invites the holders of bonds in the Richmond and Danville system, now in default, to deposit the same with the Mercantile and Deposit Company, on or after the 10th day of November, under the terms and provisions of an agreement, prepared by the Richmond and Danville underwriters, and lodged with said trust company from which or with any member of the committee copies can be followed. Georgia Pacific Railroad Company, and Greenville Railroad Company, second mortgage, \$2,000,000; and Northern, first mortgage, \$2,000,000; and Northern, debenture mortgage, \$6; Richmond and Danville, consolidated second mortgage, \$2,000,000; to be required at the time of deposit of bonds for the purpose of meeting the incidental expenses of the committee. The holders of the above bonds to unite with them in this action.

## THE PRINTERS ARE OUT,

And the New Orleans Strikers Are Re-inforced—What Employers Say.

New Orleans, November 7.—The strike this morning was more general than ever. The decision of the typographical union to join the striking phalanx has nerves other bodies, which were neutral in the matter, and all labor unions, which signed the call for a general strike, are now out, except the cotton laborers. It is understood the men are ready to quit work when the committee gives the word. Not a street car is running, no work is being done and the only sign of activity is in the wholesale grocery district, against which the strike was principally directed. The strike of the printers has the effect of closing all newspapers, except The Daily States, which the printers have been fighting for several years.

The proposition made, through the governors, to arbitrate the question of hours and wages, but leaves the question of unionism entirely alone, has not yet been responded to. The governor is keeping his staff within call, and the militia is ready to come out on short notice.

Little violence of any kind as yet, and nothing to warrant the sending of troops to reinforce the police. There is a widespread feeling resulting from the statement of the gas people that unless the utmost care was exercised dangerous explosions might follow the cutting off of the gas supply. The people are also getting worried at the prospect of cutting off the water supply, which would place the city at the mercy of the fire department.

Steamboats are tied up as a result of the strike of the mates and engineers, and business is being seriously hampered. The merchants say they absolutely refuse to receive from the position not to be restricted to union men in the employment of labor. They are prepared to close up if necessary.

DR. PRICE'S  
DELICIOUS  
Flavoring  
Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.  
Vanilla Lemon Orange Rose, etc.  
Of perfect purity—  
Of great strength—  
Economy in their use—  
Flavor as delicately  
and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

The man who stays at home when his vote is needed is no better than a boaster. Your party needs you today. Don't fail to vote!

## ONE OF THEIR AGENTS

Republican Thug for Whose Arrest There Is a Reward Offered.

New York, November 7.—The New York World this morning publishes the following story:

David A. Dasher, a Utica gambler and political thug, for whose apprehension a reward of \$2,500 has been offered by Governor Flower, has been acting as the accredited agent of the republican party in shipping negroes from Tennessee and West Virginia to New Jersey to vote on the republican ticket. Dasher and Hackett have been paid in Utica politics for years. When Dasher concocted and carried to a successful issue during a scheme to liberate Tom O'Brien, the prince of bungo men, who was convicted of bungoing his way into the legislature. The chairman of the republican campaign committee was separated from him for a time. Dasher was convicted in Albany county and Oneida county, and he has been a fugitive from justice ever since. That the two got together after a very short while is shown by the letter which The World photostamped in facsimile.

This letter was sent to Mr. Erick, a saloon keeper in Utica, who has been associated with and the second of Dasher for many years. The letter referred to is as follows:

Utica, October 24.—Dear Joe: Your's received—also \$100. Thanks. I am here for a day or two on business for Hackett and will leave for Parkersburg, West Virginia, either tomorrow or Tuesday. I have to watch carefully for any man who might know me and move about carefully.

I am beginning to think that I am going to be dumped overboard and left in the lurch.

I was to get \$3,000 on the 15th from H. as part of our agreement, but all I got from him this year is \$300.

Tom is all he can with Charley and make him promise in writing that he will not before the election. If he comes home to day have Tom to see him, if not it would be better for him to run down to New York some day next week.

I have been on the run ever since I wrote you last. I have put up so much in fares that I was broke when your letter came to me at Richmond.

I have written Charley almost every day, but he sends me but \$500 at a crack, and it pays him well. He is a good tip, but all you have on Harrison carrying West Virginia and Virginia.

We have put 2,500 negroes in the former state and every one is a registered voter.

The letter continues in the same strain, showing the rotten corruption which is going on.

## Both Sides Claim Connecticut

New Haven, Conn., November 7.—Tonight Herbert E. Benson, chairman of the republican state committee, said that he expected that his party would secure a safe plurality for both the electoral and legislative seats. He looked for the election of a legislature, which would be republican in both branches. Three out of four of the republican candidates for congress were to be admitted to the hanging.

Speaking about this to The Constitution correspondent, he said:

"When I passed sentence on this boy last July I made the same order and meant more positively that the state should be given to my party. His case was appealed and the sentence affirmed. Some adverse criticism was passed upon my order, excluding the press and this criticism has only served to crystallize my decision. I don't think that the curiosity of the public ought to be satisfied and since I have been upon this bench I have always leaned towards this opinion."

## The Grand Jury Charged.

The superior court went into session this morning for the November term.

The following members of the grand jury were sworn in:

John E. Clark, Joseph W. T. Shisholock, G. C. Wilder, W. P. Baldwin, George C. Price, R. S. Collins, T. C. Burke, M. H. Cutler, C. C. Sims, Jr., H. T. Powell, John Y. Lowe, B. F. Vinton, M. J. Hatch, John G. McCauldrick, John M. Walker, George Y. Yates, W. T. Postell, S. M. Brown, J. C. Palmer, T. C. Head, J. C. Stetson, C. D. Moore, E. D. Damron.

North Dakota in Doubt.

Bismarck, N. D., November 7.—After a careful hearing on the part of the republican committee, Chairman of the Standing Committee to go on record with the prediction of the election of republican electors by 2,000, congressmen by 1,500 and governor and the entire state ticket by 1,000 with the possible exception of one railroad commissioner.

He said the election of a democrat for governor, at least, was a certainty.

Judge Miller has given positive orders that no members of the press are to be admitted to the hanging.

Speaking about this to The Constitution

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North Dakota in Doubt.

Bismarck, N. D., November 7.—After a careful hearing on the part of the republican committee, Chairman of the Standing Committee to go on record with the prediction of the election of republican electors by 2,000, congressmen by 1,500 and governor and the entire state ticket by 1,000 with the possible exception of one railroad commissioner.

He said the election of a democrat for governor, at least, was a certainty.

Judge Miller has given positive orders that no members of the press are to be admitted to the hanging.

Speaking about this to The Constitution

correspondent, he said:

"When I passed sentence on this boy last July I made the same order and meant more positively that the state should be given to my party. His case was appealed and the sentence affirmed. Some adverse criticism was passed upon my order, excluding the press and this criticism has only served to crystallize my decision. I don't think that the curiosity of the public ought to be satisfied and since I have been upon this bench I have always leaned towards this opinion."

## A SOLEMN SCENE.

Bell, the Murderer, Resentenced to Death

BY JUDGE MILLER IN BIBB COURT.

Bell Will Be Hanged the Latter Part of This Month—The Charter Meeting.

Other News.

Macon, Ga., November 7.—(Special)—

A doleful scene was enacted in the superior court this morning.

Willie Bell, the fifteen-year-old negro murderer, who shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Ben Wilder, on the streets in open daylight, was resentenced to be hung. The execution will take place in the jailyard on November 29th.

Bell is a thick-set, short negro and looks thoroughly hardened. He never flinched while the court was passing sentence. He stood alone in the middle of the courtroom, holding in one hand a battered brown derby hat; with the other he plucked nervously at a rag hanging from his greasy jeans pants. He wore the same blue coat with which he was supplied by some relatives at the time he was in hiding from the officers, after the murder, and when, had he been caught, he would most surely have been lynched.

Judge Miller spoke firmly but mildly to the prisoner, and first asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed on him.

Mr. Washington Dessa, representing Bell, said he wished to point out to the court that he was a minor, and that the manner of sentencing a minor was different from that chosen by the court. It was possible that he would be spared.

Tom was all he can with Charley and make him promise in writing that he will not before the election.

Tom is all he can with Charley and make him promise in writing that he will not before the election.

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 Washington—Metropolitan Hotel.

## TEN PAGES

ATLANTA, GA., November 8, 1892.

ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS  
 OF CONGRESS TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8TH.

New York, November 7, 1892.—Clark How-  
 ell, Jr., Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

The eve of the election finds us even more  
 confident than we have ever been. Earnest  
 effort today and tomorrow will bring  
 every democratic vote to the polls and insure  
 a decisive democratic victory.

New York has been practically abandoned  
 by the republican managers, and they are  
 about to be abandoned by the people of Indiana.  
 We shall also carry Connecticut.  
 There will be no break in the electoral vote  
 of the southern states.

Make certain that every democratic vote in  
 your state is polled and make this request of  
 every county chairman.

W. F. HARRITY.  
 Chairman National Democratic Committee.

Democratic Duty.

Today, The Constitution addresses itself  
 once more to the democratic voters of  
 this town and county. A serious responsi-  
 bility rests on them, and it is a responsi-  
 bility they can evade only by failing to  
 perform the most important duty that  
 belongs to citizenship. A great many have  
 already shirked this duty by failing to  
 register—a great many have, without  
 reason or excuse, deliberately disfranchised  
 themselves, thus advertising the fact that  
 they have no interest in either democratic  
 principles or in good government.

In the election held on the 5th of October, Fulton made a most unfortunate  
 showing. The registration was small, and  
 the democratic vote was small, and  
 this was at a time, too, when every democ-  
 rat was supposed to be interested in  
 making the majority of his party as large  
 as possible. There was such a slump in  
 the democratic vote in October that the  
 republicans have taken courage. Boss  
 Buck has fused his republican party with  
 the third party element, and he is so sure  
 that a large number of registered democ-  
 rats in Fulton will fail to vote today  
 that he is publicly boasting that this coun-  
 ty will give an anti-democratic majority.  
 In order that his boast may be made good,  
 word has gone out among the republicans  
 and a most strenuous effort will be made  
 by them to carry the county against the  
 democratic candidates. The cry is, "De-  
 feat the democrats of Fulton!"

This is the republican programme, and  
 Boss Buck will have the hearty co-operation  
 of the third party leaders, and such  
 of the third party voters as are willing  
 to enter into a shameful coalition. Now,  
 what do the democrats propose to do  
 about it? If the registered vote is cast,  
 the plans of Boss Buck and his copartners  
 will fail to the ground. If there is such  
 a slump as there was on the 5th of Octo-  
 ber, Boss Buck will win and make good  
 his boast. If the democrats do their duty  
 his hopes will fail to materialize.

It would be the plain duty of democ-  
 rats to vote, even if there were no like-  
 lihood of democratic defeat; but, under  
 the circumstances, their responsibilities  
 are more serious and pressing than ever.  
 And these responsibilities are not to be  
 run from. The democrats cannot escape  
 them. On the heads of the derelict vot-  
 ers will fall the shame and disgrace of  
 democratic defeat in Fulton.

The Constitution has done its duty—  
 now let the democrats do theirs.

Normal Schools in Georgia.  
 Several esteemed correspondents have  
 misconstrued a recent editorial in our col-  
 umns on the subject of normal schools.  
 They have hastily reached the conclusion  
 that, in advocating a regular normal  
 school for the benefit of our teachers, we  
 are slighting the claims of the Georgia  
 Normal and Industrial college at Milledge-  
 ville.

We do not think that a close reading  
 of our article will sustain this view. The  
 college at Milledgeville is an admirable  
 institution, and many of its graduates are  
 well equipped to begin work as teachers.  
 But such a regular normal school as we  
 had in view would not be a school to  
 give students an education that would  
 fit them to be teachers, but a school which  
 teachers could attend and in which they  
 could learn all the important details con-  
 nected with their great work. Such an  
 institution—for teachers only—would be  
 on an entirely different line from the  
 Normal and Industrial college at Milledge-  
 ville, and the two, instead of conflicting,  
 would mutually help each other.

We feel satisfied that this was Mrs.  
 Lipscomb's idea, when she made her plea  
 for normal schools in The Athens Banner.  
 We certainly saw the matter from that  
 standpoint at the time, and we do not  
 propose in advocating a school for teachers  
 to ignore the institution at Milledge-  
 ville, which has already done such good  
 work in turning out graduates who are  
 fitted to begin their life work as teachers.

When these points are borne in mind it  
 will be seen that a normal school for  
 teachers cannot possibly interfere with

the college at Milledgeville, but will  
 materially help it and every other educational  
 institution in the state.

## Let Every Democrat Vote.

The enemies of democracy are resort-  
 ing to various devices and trickery to  
 defeat Congressman Livingston. Here in  
 Atlanta they have issued circulars abusing  
 and vilifying him. They have also  
 distributed ballots entitled the "demo-  
 cratic ticket" with the names of Cleve-  
 land and Stevenson upon them, followed  
 by the democratic electors, and with the  
 name of Samuel W. Small, at the bottom,  
 for congressman from this district.

Democrats should observe their tickets  
 closely before voting them. See that the  
 name of Leonidas F. Livingston is on  
 each. Colonel Livingston has made a  
 good record in congress. No man could  
 have been of more service to the district  
 or to Atlanta than he. He quickly won  
 the respect of his associates in the  
 national house of representatives. He has  
 done good service for democracy in the  
 state and in Washington and every true  
 democrat in the district should see that  
 there is no mistake on his ticket. Colonel  
 Livingston deserves the vote of every  
 democrat in the fifth district.

## Uncertain Bribery.

In about twenty-five states we now have  
 the Australian ballot in a more or less  
 modified form.

This fact should be taken into consider-  
 ation, when the possibilities of bribery  
 are under consideration. Under the Aus-  
 tralian system, when a voter is bribed  
 his word will have to be taken for what  
 it is worth. He may break his promise  
 and the briber will never know it. He  
 may be bribed to stay at home and not  
 vote, but if he chooses to go to the  
 polls and deposit his ballot, there is no  
 way to punish him.

This is the situation in brief, and it is  
 evident that while large sums of money  
 may be corruptly spent in certain states  
 there is no certainty about the result.  
 Naturally, this will greatly curtail the  
 effects of the corruptionists. They will  
 not feel disposed to risk as much money  
 as they would have spent under the old  
 loose conditions.

All this tends to promote the purity of  
 the ballot; not because it makes voters  
 honest, but because it makes them so  
 irresponsible that the politicians who  
 desire to buy them are unwilling to trust  
 them. Perhaps this is the best feature  
 of the secret ballot. It is an indirect way  
 of guarding the ballot box, but the results  
 are in the main just what would come  
 from a higher standard of political morality.

The World's Cotton Consumption.

Mr. Ellison's annual review of the  
 cotton trade has been issued in Liverpool,  
 and the main points of importance have  
 been cabled to The New York Financial  
 Chronicle.

The spinners of Great Britain and the  
 continent have taken in actual bales  
 7,136,000, as compared with 7,063,000 in  
 1890-91. In actual pounds, the spinners  
 of the United Kingdom have taken this  
 year 138,677,000 pounds less than last  
 season and on the continent the falling  
 off has been 88,533,000 pounds. The  
 aggregate takings in the whole of Europe  
 have therefore decreased 177,210,000  
 pounds, or 443,025 bales of the average  
 weight of 400 pounds. The actual takings  
 have consequently been not much  
 greater than in 1880-90. The average  
 weights of the leading growths for the  
 season of 1891-92 were: American, 473  
 pounds; Egyptian, 710 pounds; and East  
 Indian 400 pounds. These compare with  
 American 474 pounds; Egyptian 698  
 pounds; and East Indian 396 pounds in  
 1890-91. In 1880-90 the weights were  
 466 pounds, 682 pounds, and 396 pounds,  
 respectively.

So far as the United States are concerned,  
 the annual crop report showed that  
 the consumption of cotton in this country  
 had increased about 11 1/4 per cent during  
 the season of 1891-92, bringing the total  
 up to 3,290,000 bales of 400 pounds  
 average weight. The returns for India  
 showed that cotton consumption had fallen  
 off slightly during the year. Bringing  
 together the results for Europe and India,  
 and adding the figures for the United  
 States we substantially cover the world.

There is conclusive evidence of the  
 world's growth in the consumption of  
 cotton. Contrasting the initial year (1878-79)  
 with the last (1891-92), we find that  
 there is a gain in the aggregate of nearly  
 73 per cent. The gains during this same  
 period of fourteen years in the various  
 countries have been: Great Britain, 33.9  
 per cent; continents 74.25 per cent; United  
 States, 84.5 per cent; and India, 33.9  
 per cent.

Mr. Ellison estimates that the world  
 will in 1892-93 need for its consumption  
 10,566,000 bales of 400 pounds average  
 weight, making 12,853,000 bales of 400  
 pounds each.

There has been an increase in the  
 spinning power of the world of 1,517,000  
 spindles, all the countries sharing in the  
 excess.

## The Butt-End.

The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette,  
 looking off into the mist, sees the end  
 of the solid south approaching. If it  
 should happen to be the butt-end which  
 our contemporary sees approaching, no  
 doubt there will be tears in the editorial  
 household.

The Commercial Gazette says that the  
 old prejudices are disappearing. This is  
 merely half true. There are no prejudices  
 here against the people of the north. All  
 these have disappeared long ago and  
 therefore they cannot be now disappearing.

The whole trouble with the solid south  
 is the republican party—the corrupt orga-  
 nization which The Commercial Gazette  
 represents. So long as that party retains  
 its present purposes and clings to its  
 sectional strife and bitterness, just so long  
 will there be a solid south to meet it and  
 to match it.

Ten years ago, we had the pleasure of  
 giving the republican brethren the same  
 information, and it is just as true now  
 as it was then.

So long as there is a republican party  
 based on sectional prejudice, inventing  
 force bills, and making sinister attacks  
 on the peace and well-being of the south,

just so long will the end of the solid  
 south, which Deacon Smith sees ap-  
 proaching, be the butt-end.

The south is solid against the repub-  
 lican party and will remain so as long as  
 that organization retains its sectional ten-  
 dencies.

## Dr. Felton's Letter.

We print elsewhere a letter from Dr.  
 W. H. Felton. It is a letter full of kindly  
 feeling and we appreciate to the fullest  
 extent the friendly tribute which he pays  
 to the Constitution. It is in the nature of  
 a stimulant, coming as it does from a man  
 who, during a long life, has done  
 valuable work for the people.

We cannot, however, endorse Dr. Felton's  
 letter in all its parts. We shall not,  
 in this instance, permit his modesty to  
 measure the importance of the part he  
 took in securing the removal of the iniquitous  
 tax on quinine. We need not turn  
 to our files or to the files of The Con-  
 gressional Record to refresh our mem-  
 ories with respect to the part he took in  
 the fight on the infamous "blood tax".

We are willing to be corrected in matters  
 of detail, but we remember perfectly well  
 that Dr. Felton led in the fight, in the  
 formal discussion and in the running  
 debates; that he was instant in season and  
 out of season in pushing the monopolists  
 to the wall, and that he seemed to be  
 inspired to marvelous zeal by the outrage-  
 ous tax on the medicine of the poor.

But for this zeal, The Constitution might  
 have written in vain, and the blood tax  
 might still be in operation.

So far as the free coinage of silver  
 is concerned, we propose to press that  
 issue as industriously as ever. It is more  
 important now than it was twelve months  
 ago, and it will continue to grow in  
 importance until it is settled or until the  
 gold standard settles the people.

The Return of the Grip.

There is no longer any doubt that the  
 grip is again in this country. It has  
 appeared in New York, and creates more  
 dread than the few cholera deaths there  
 some weeks ago.

Last year and the previous year the  
 grip killed more people in this country  
 than any other epidemic ever destroyed.  
 The best physicians have not been very  
 successful in dealing with it, but from the  
 knowledge they have gained of its nature,  
 they are satisfied that it will not be very  
 virulent this season.

There is little to be said in the way of  
 precautionary advice. It is all summed  
 up in the admonition not to take cold,  
 or the first stages of a cold to do  
 everything possible for its cure.

It is to be hoped that Atlanta will  
 escape this year, but if the epidemic  
 comes there is good reason to believe that  
 it will be of a mild type. So the experts  
 say.

## A Handsome Paper.

The opportunity to obtain space in The  
 Constitution's carnival edition will not  
 be open longer than tomorrow. Those  
 who have been deliberating whether to  
 apply for space must make up their minds  
 at once and forward their copy to the  
 business office. The object of this edition  
 is to bring people to Atlanta, and while  
 here they will do their trading. It is  
 simply a business proposition to ask these  
 visitors for a share of their patronage.

There is little to be said in the way of  
 precautionary advice. It is all summed  
 up in the admonition not to take cold,  
 or the first stages of a cold to do  
 everything possible for its cure.

What will be the news from Fulton?  
 Boss Buck says it will give an anti-demo-  
 cratic majority.

Are you pledged to help the republicans?  
 If not, go out and vote.

How many democrats propose to act as  
 tenders to Boss Buck's republican machine  
 by staying away from the polls?

The democrat who fails to vote today  
 ought to write a note of congratulation to  
 Boss Buck.

Today will decide whether the people of  
 this country desire to turn their government  
 over to the bootblacks.

It's dis way, jedge, concernin' dis lady.  
 Her's a spouse, wid a coat-tails spread out on  
 de street wid my coat-tails spread out on de  
 street, wid a coat-tails spread out on de  
 street. It's dis way. The lady was very angry,  
 and had the old man arrested for being dis-  
 orderly.

What has the prisoner been guilty of?  
 asked the judge.

"He was disorderly, your honor?"  
 Here, you see, he was disorderly, and  
 regularly sworn.

He told with much asperity how the old  
 man at the bar had stepped on the train of  
 her dress. "I told him, when he saw the  
 dress, that he had done it. Instead of apologizing,  
 he had tried to get away.

Who represents the prisoner?

"The old man, I believe, was brought forward,  
 a bold man, wearing spectacles, and looking  
 the look of a good-natured old fellow.

He's a spouse, jedge, concernin' dis lady.  
 Her's a spouse, wid a coat-tails spread out on  
 de street wid my coat-tails spread out on de  
 street, wid a coat-tails spread out on de  
 street. It's dis way, jedge, concernin' dis lady.

It's dis way, jedge, concernin' dis lady.  
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 de street wid my coat-tails spread out on de  
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 Her's a spouse, wid a coat-tails spread out on  
 de street wid my coat-tails spread out on de  
 street, wid a coat-tails spread out on de  
 street. It's dis way, jedge, concernin' dis lady.

## TRICKS.

in the Democratic

st.

FAKES PRESENTED

Quietly Urging Re-

Small-A

Democrats.

tricks in the elec-

tion.

After instructing their

small allies to beat

in this district.

test scheme and they

left it.

but it was

not received.

after the public this morning

Democrats of Fulton

was kept back

the purpose of con-

tinue this fusion.

back by Mr. Small

that would certainly

candidate had it been

readable document.

letter 4.—Dear Sir: Is

Fulton county about

to be held on the day,

November 8th, Samuel W. Small for

elected by the com-

at a meeting in the

represented in order

democratic nomine

as to which he is to

be voted for by the

hands of the people

in the freedom of suff-

frage bill.

look at your ticket

are abroad. Look

the democratic party,

Democratic "Ticket"

placed at the bottom

upon the demo-

be resented with

perpetrator of such a

at the name of the

Colonel Living-

ton's ticket today

to bring out

in the whole fifth

do it. It is the

to bury such in-

under the ballots.

do their full duty.

Talks.

chairman of the

was seen yes-

as a last message

county?" was asked.

no democrat should

received the follow-

uber 7, 1892.—Mr.

Ga.: Third party

and are

W. WEAVER,

Democratic Club.

tions, looking to an

S. W. Small over

you. L. F. Living-

ton's

this county should

wington, we won't

The merchants and

it in their country

the loyal, faith-

try, will not forget

effort can succeed,

well organized,

tomorrow. Judge Hill

who were candidates

the nomination, are

as they and their

ave the county go

of the democratic

provided for. The

through the papers,

twenty men for

city, and these will

the party has

be remembered.

now candidates for

and they must not

aces.

voting precincts:

and Mitchell streets.

and Fraser streets.

and Jackson streets.

street.

ITHONIA.

Publication About

small.

7.—(Spec.)—The

ment that Mr. E.

the hotel here, had

in the room

small, created quite

about this state-

id pay a colored

subscription, to

the door. That is

this story.

s with Mr. Small,

telegram from Li-

nnon's Journal,

saturday. Saturday

is full of miscre-

small took or had

at any time

campaign punch

each unequal-

ples followed

at the door, and

old negro man,

Mr. Small a paper,

hotel in the

at the door. The

option list to re-

small subscriber

and the handi-

at the door who

the negroes then

there alone to his

Mr. Small, called and re-

and when he

in a few min-

nights slip through

the escape? as

new theories out

of phonics for

of truth, hint-

da, published on

it only to take a

of a candidate,

the open, earn-

truths which he

ARNOLD."

gals.

is announced

brought on the

Bonner has not

anks, hitched to

the mile record

er insists that

trotting tur-

## CALLED TO ARMS.

Volunteer Soldiers of Atlanta Ready to Move Off.

RIOT FEARED IN THOMSON.

Soldiers in Augusta and Atlanta Put Notices to Be Ready to March at the Sound of the Drum.

The volunteer soldiers of Atlanta slept with only one eye closed last night.

They will continue to be ready today for war at the mere sound of the drum.

And if things still take their course down in Thomson, Watson's home, they may have some fighting yet.

There seems to be a good deal more in the fears of danger expressed by the people of Thomson than was at first expected.

The war cloud seems to be hanging threateningly over that quiet little Georgia city.

Governor Northern has been petitioned by the mayor of the town and by private citizens living there to send out a sufficient force of troops to protect them in case a riot should be precipitated and he had a long conference with Adjutant General Kel and Attorney General Terrell yesterday to determine upon some safe plan of action.

The trouble seems to have grown out of a threat of Watson's followers. They have called a meeting in Thomson for tomorrow night. At that meeting it will be the purpose of the third party men to take some action toward avenging the defeat of Watson, which they see is certain now.

It is said that they have signals by which

they can summons at a moment's call hun-

dreds of third party men from all the ad-

joining counties. They have openly avowed

their purpose of burning the town if they

are not given their rights.

Whatever these threats may mean, and

whatever of seriousness prompted them

they have had their effect in stirring the

conservative Democrats of Thomson to a

very extreme degree of anxiety and con-

flict.

The recent conduct of Tom Watson in sending a courier around at night to sum-

mon a hundred armed third party men to

summon and serve on guard duty all night

without the slightest provocation, and all

in manner of similar foolishness on the part

of his daft followers has led the people of

Thomson not to count on what is coming

next.

Many of the wives of democratic living

in Thomson have left the town until the elec-

tion and the trouble is all over. They

now full well that to say the least of it,

the danger of a riot hangs threateningly

over the town. Watson admitted himself

as far as he could

that the reason he did not go to

to speak with the Lincoln men was that he was afraid to

to have his armed men in Thomson lest they

go down and raid the town. He said

that it was all that he could do to dissuade

them from making an attack on the demo-

crats that day, and for that reason he felt

it was his duty to stay and keep them

down.

It is not at all difficult to see how such

things as these have caused the people of

Thomson to fear an outbreak and when the

third party men called a meeting for next

Wednesday with such threats as they have

made it is not surprising that they have

appealed to the governor in advance so as to prevent bloodshed which certainly would

have resulted if Watson's men had attempted

to execute their wild threats.

The governor received a letter from a pri-

vate citizen and the

he had time to answer them other

telegrams from them were received yester-

day asking the governor if he had received

yesterday asking the governor if he had received



## SOCIETY GOSSIP.

The Nine O'clock German and Other Events.

## THREE WEDDINGS IN ATLANTA TONIGHT

Head-Forseeare: Mitchell-Stevens; McCool-Knott; Gossip About People You Know.

earnest effort to raise funds for the purpose of erecting winter quarters for the Exposition Music Mission. They have secured the services of the Atlanta Military band, which, under the direction of Mr. S. M. McFee, will furnish one of the best concerts to which the music loving people of the city have had the pleasure of listening for a long time.

Mr. McFee is a graceful and accomplished leader, who is supported by a number of good musicians, and the programme Thursday evening will be a brilliant one well rendered. The ladies will furnish nice refreshments free to all who come to the concert. The object is a most worthy one, and it is hoped that the audience will be large. The tickets are 60 cents, and can be had at Porter Bros. shoe store, Tyner's drug store, and the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Charley Abbott, one of the best-known young men in Atlanta, leaves today for Washington, D. C., where he goes to accept a position as chief clerk in the office of the general freight agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. Abbott has been connected with the Atlanta and Florida, from which road he goes highly recommended.

The ladies of St. Philip's guild, who are interested in raising money for the cause, are earnestly requested to meet at the chapel Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, to perfect arrangements for the supper at Professor Agostini's carnival soiree.

The first garment is always a jolly affair, the dancing set. Everybody feels a fresh interest in the dance itself, and there are so many charming exchanges of news and gossip from people who have met with lay interlocutors during the summer.

A great deal in the way of rosy cheeks and gay spirits will be expected of the Atlanta belles this evening, and to the fact that most of them have sought their summer retreats in modest, innocent orchestras, and adorned by quiet meads of strength-giving forests.

Miss Joan Clarke, the Misses Harwood, Miss Lillian Lorraine, Miss Marsh, Miss Hobly and a score of others have all spent the most part of their summer rather quiet, and all are looking unusually well on account of the weather.

This season will really be Miss Alline Stocking's first appearance in Atlanta, so since the gay and popular life that would have been hers was interfered with last year by a tenacious visitation of a gripe.

Miss Stocking is looking supremely lovely now. She is a girl of charming vivacity and vivacity, and has a host of devoted admirers, both here and in other cities. She is the sole survivor of a striking trio the other evening at the theater, when she and her handsome young sister, Miss Katie Stocking, sat in a box with Mrs. Thomas Cobb Jackson. All these young women were distinctive types of splendid beauty, and each one of them would have been singled out and admired in the largest assembly.

The two home weddings which will mark this November evening will both be charming and artistic affairs.

The Stocking marriage will be elegant and refined as the handsome woman whom it most concerns. Miss Beckwith, who is the belle of the season, the occasion will be a quiet, simple one, and the others, who will be present at the wedding from a distance are: Mr. Richard Holliday, of Maryland; Mr. Sneed, of Chicago; Miss Brainard, of Chicago; Mr. W. W. Peabody, of Cincinnati; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cohen, of Augusta; Miss Cary Cohen, of Augusta, and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bradley, of Blackshear.

The wedding of Mr. Eugene Mitchell and Miss May Bell Stephens, which will occur at the handsome home of the bride this evening, will be a notably beautiful and brilliant one.

Mr. Mitchell has risen to a high prominence in his profession, and has pledged, by his brilliant achievements at the bar, a brighter and even more promising career.

The wedding this afternoon will be a quiet and beautiful ceremony, and only the intimate friends of the contracting parties have been invited.

Mr. P. Kelly, who will perform the ceremony, and tie the silken cord that will bind their hearts together in the pleasant bonds of matrimony.

Speaking of weddings reminds me of a recent one I had the pleasure to set for the coming Master. The bride-elect is a brilliant beauty with a beautiful figure, and the groom well. I mustn't describe him too closely, but he is good looking and nice and rich, and everybody knows him.

Mr. J. H. Purcell, one of Atlanta's most young business men, has just left for wife, and will be home through the north. He will visit New York, Chicago, Montreal, Canada and several other points. He will likely be away from the city for several weeks.

REV. SAM W. SMALL LAST NIGHT.

He Addresses an Attentive Audience at the Courthouse.

About three hundred persons assembled in the courthouse last night to hear the closing speech of the campaign by Rev. Sam W. Small.

The speech was characterized at its close by very violent language toward Colonel Livingston.

The audience enjoyed the stories and was caught by many of Mr. Small's points.

The meeting was presided over by Dr. J. O. Perkins.

A hearty endorsement.

Editor Constance, Mr. D. M. Dimmick has announced himself a candidate for councilman from the fourth ward, and his friends are enthusiastic in his behalf. The produce merchants, the retail and wholesale grocers, the drug dealers, the manufacturers, and in this great city, will find in him a man worthy of their support. Mr. Dimmick has long been a citizen of Atlanta and for twelve years has been a member of the finishing partners in their machine business. He is now the senior member of the firm of Dimmick & Wallace, which is considered an astute and a firm as any in the city. The contractor, Mr. Bill Dimmick is the man for us all. Vote for this red-headed candidate and you will never have to regret it.

THIRTY TWO COMMISSION MEN.

The Printer Did It.

Forayth, Ga., November 7.—(Special)—Your correspondent wrote that the reception given by Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Willingham was complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. George B. Stewart, who were "recently" married and not "secretly," as it came out in today's issue.

A Quarrel Over Relics.

Pittsburg, November 7.—Fred and T. P. A. Mollinger, heirs of F. A. Mollinger, say they are going to sell the relics up to many and beautiful, consisting mainly of ferns and chrysanthemums. The evening was given over to merry and delightful social intercourse, participated in by all. The prospective bride and bridegroom received much attention and had extended to them many hearty good wishes for happiness in the coming future on which they are so soon to enter together. Those present in addition to the principal couple were:

Misses Allie Erwin, Mamie Johnson, Anna McDowell and Addie Knott; Messrs. J. Carlton, L. F. Harrison, J. B. Harrison and Mr. Knott; Mrs. George W. White, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. McWhirter, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Parton, Mrs. E. G. Warner and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Harrison.

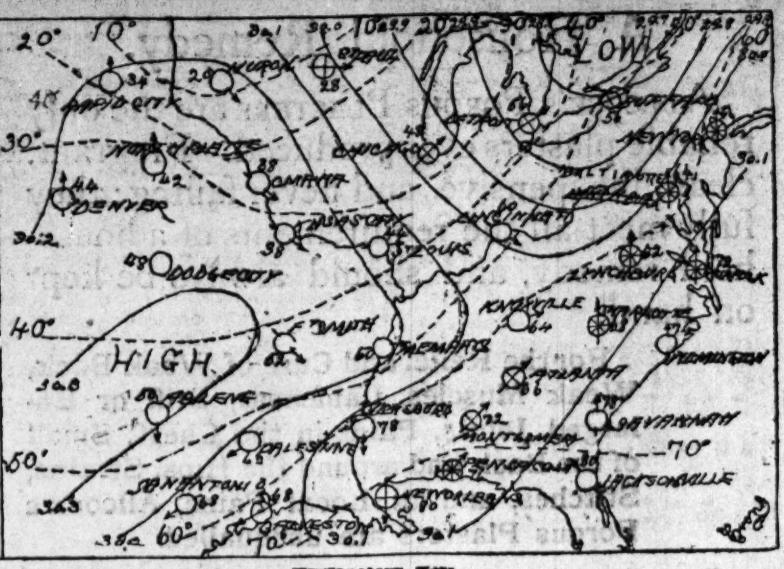
As has already been announced, the marriage of Miss May Endora Knott to Mr. Hiram Clifford McCool occurs on Saturday evening at 6:30 o'clock in First Baptist church. Last night at their home, 150 Courtland street, the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Knott, entertained the happy couple and their attendants at tea in honor of their approaching marriage. The occasion was a most delightful one and all present by their enjoyment evidenced their appreciation of the thoughtfulness and attention of the doctor and Mrs. Knott. The decorations were elaborate and beautiful, consisting mainly of ferns and chrysanthemums. The evening was given over to merry and delightful social intercourse, participated in by all. The prospective bride and bridegroom received much attention and had extended to them many hearty good wishes for happiness in the coming future on which they are so soon to enter together. Those present in addition to the principal couple were:

Misses Allie Erwin, Mamie Johnson, Anna McDowell and Addie Knott; Messrs. J. Carlton, L. F. Harrison, J. B. Harrison and Mr. Knott; Mrs. George W. White, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. McWhirter, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Parton, Mrs. E. G. Warner and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Harrison.

On Saturday afternoon Master Charlie B. Wilson entertained quite a number of his little friends at a birthday party. After indulging in many games, the little guests were invited into the dining room, where delicious refreshments were served. The table was beautifully decorated with roses and chrysanthemums and in the center was the birth-day cake, around which burned ten beautiful wax tapers. Master Charlie received many beautiful presents. Each child was presented with a little souvenir of the evening. The most enjoyed feature of the evening was the exquisite music of the organ, played by Mrs. Henderson, who, with Misses Mauds and Clyde Clardy, assisted Mrs. Wilson in receiving the little guests.

All the arrangements have been completed for the grand concert that is to be given at the Young Men's Christian Association next Thursday evening. The ladies of the unions of the First Baptist church are making an

## UNITED STATES WEATHER MAP FOR TODAY



Explanatory Note  
The weather symbols on the map are as follows:

© CLOUDY © FAIR © CLOUDY CHAIN © SNOW

Arrows fly with the wind. Dotted lines traverse regions of equal temperature. Figures at ends show the degree of heat. Unbroken lines traverse regions of equal barometric pressure. Figures at ends of an unbroken line, as 29.90, 30.0, 30.1, etc., show that the air along the line if high pressure is accompanied by a clear atmosphere, and "low" by a miasma air, clouds and rain.

Maximum temperature of a station for the preceding day is indicated by those figures nearest to the station.

A storm area nearly 1,000 miles in diameter was central yesterday over the lakes and was moving eastward towards the north Atlantic coast. High pressure was prevalent in the eastern portion of the country yesterday and colder air over most of the country east of the Mississippi, from the Gulf of Mexico to Canada. Stormy weather will probably continue in New York and other eastern states today, with high winds all along the north Atlantic coast. The heaviest rainfall yesterday of all

reported between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. was 1.81 inches at Atlanta.

Warm air was prevalent in the eastern

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## DENIED HER FATHER.

Remarkable Case Where a Daughter  
Curses Her Father,

AND SAYS SHE NEVER SAW HIM BEFORE

Is It a Case of Mistaken Identity?—Detective Crim Is Puzzled—Scene Between Father and Daughter.

Detective Crim witnessed a melodrama in real life yesterday that was far more realistic than any of the melodramas ever seen behind the glare of the footlights.

For two years a father searching for his lost daughter, an only child, and finally finding her, is cured and abused by her, while she orders him impiously from her presence, saying with mocking words:

"I am not your daughter. I never saw you before. Why don't you go about your business and leave me alone?"

Few cases like it ever come under the observation of the police. Detective Crim with an experience of nearly two decades with all manner of evil, never saw anything to compare with it.

So unusual was the occurrence that the detective was mystified. He is in doubt yet about the matter and is investigating it further to ascertain if it is not a remarkable case of mistaken identity.

The Father's Search.

Yesterday morning Mr. J. P. Ryals, one of the most prominent and well to do farmers in Habersham county, called on Chief of Detectives Wright. He was old and gray, and said he felt sure he had but few more years to live. In faltering tones he told the story of his only child's disgrace and subsequent disappearance from home.

"She was the only child I had and we did everything for her to make her happy," he said. "Her mother died when she was only eight years old and she lived with an aunt until she grew up. She was a pretty girl—there was no prettier in all the country around. I married again five years ago and brought her home. She was self-willed and had a temper of her own. She didn't get along well with her stepmother. They quarreled a great deal and there was no peace about home."

"Finally matters came to a climax—it was June 7th one year ago—and Lucy left home. Where she went I don't know. She left that vicinity altogether and I could hear nothing of where she had gone. I looked for her everywhere that I thought likely that she would go. I could find her nowhere. All this time I have not given up the search. I still have hopes of finding her. I want to carry her back home, where she can live as she should. I haven't long to live and I want her to take my home and all that I have when I die."

He explained that in view of his old age that he was going to make his final will in a few days, and he wanted, if possible, to find his daughter before making it. He was poor, of considerable property, a comfortable company.

He heard a few days ago that his daughter was in Atlanta. She had written to a former friend of hers, stating that she was at 46 Thompson street. He came to Atlanta yesterday to have this clue investigated, and he called upon the city detective and secured their aid. He said he would pay a good reward to any one finding his daughter.

As soon as Captain Wright heard Ryals's story he detailed Detective Crim to ferret out the case.

Looking for Her Here.

Taking Ryals with him the officer visited 46 Thompson street, but the girl was not there. A girl corresponding to the description given of the Ryals girl had been there but had moved to Collins street. There the detective went and to half a dozen other places where he was directed.

Finally after three or four hours of tramping they were directed to 209 Decatur street, where it was said the girl was looking for was living.

On the way to the latter place they passed along Collins street.

Suddenly, while in the latter street, old man Ryals gave a cry of delight and cried out:

"There she is—there's my daughter!"

As he spoke he pointed to a young woman standing in the door of Blanche Hill's place.

"That's her," he cried, "I'd know her anywhere!"

"Don't speak to her," said Detective Crim, "pass on by and see if she will recognize you."

By this time they were in front of the store and Ryals passed on. The detective stopped.

"Do you know that gentleman who just passed?" the detective asked.

She Denies Her Father.

The detective says the girl was greatly embarrassed as she responded, "No, I don't know him. I never saw him before."

The old man turned back and walking up to the girl, stretched out his arms to her.

"Daughter," said he, lifting up his trembling hands, and speaking excitedly, "I have found you at last. Shake hands with me."

The young woman held out her hand impulsively, and he shook it eagerly.

"I am not your daughter," she exclaimed with spirit. "You are foolish. I never saw your face before. My home is in Chattanooga."

If the old man had been struck dead on the spot it would have had the effect on him as was produced by the girl's strange demeanor.

"What?" he cried astounded, "not my daughter? What has come over you? Oh, why do you say that. You are my daughter—my only daughter and I've come to take you home."

The girl persisted angrily that she was not his daughter and would go with him, saying she was not his daughter, and didn't he know every feature of her face, her every movement, almost every hair, her every hair?"

The old man listened as one in a dream. He couldn't believe his ears. His own daughter denying and cursing him, saying she was not his daughter, and didn't he know every feature of her face, her every movement, almost every hair, her every hair?"

To all his protestations she replied with sneers and derision. For a long time he begged her to go home with him; he would give her all he had on earth, and forgive her freely.

"It was your daughter I would go in my life before. Why don't you leave me alone?"

Reluctantly, and at last angry, old man Ryals left the place slowly. He could not understand the events of the morning. He declared that the girl was his daughter. "Why did you say that she was not?" he asked over and over again.

Later Detective Crim revisited the place in company with a man from Habersham county, who had known Ryals's daughter all his life. He declared the girl was Lucy Ryals.

Ryals returned home last night perturbed in spirit. "I will disown her," he said. "I'll go right home and make my will, and leave her nothing."

But he relented somewhat before leaving.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES.

No. 17 E. Cain Street.  
New classes in French, German, Spanish, etc., to be formed next week. Hours for private lessons to suit all. Only native teachers having experience and further particulars call on or address

PROFESSOR B. COLLONGE, Principal.

N. B.—Trial lessons free.

THE CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1892, TEN PAGES

A PATHETIC CASE.

A Helpless Cripple Who Can Neither Walk or Sit Up, Described by a Drunken Brother.

A little, wizened, deformed man, no larger than a three-year-old child, who could neither walk nor sit up straight, begged Police Captain Thompson, in piteous tones, to release his drunken brother from the police station.

The little old man lay in a little wagon, just big enough for a baby, shivering with cold, his clothes ringing wet, and his voice weak as a child, as he begged the officer to release his brother, who was all the protection, two true friends, there was no other for the unfortunate little man.

He was a helpless cripple, and could not move his body. His infinitesimal legs were drawn up in a knot so that he appeared like a legless man. His arms were twisted and deformed out of all shape. Rheumatism had warped his limbs as if they had been blades of grass. Not a limb could he move. He could, only lay there helplessly and pray for aid.

His name was Hiriam Morrow, and he came here a few days ago from North Carolina. He came in the little wagon, which his brother pulled through the country, so many miles and miles. The cripple made a living for both by begging. People were touched by his pitiful condition and gave him something.

At a recent town the cripple's brother, J. H. Morrow, would lay in a supply of whisky, and at nearly all of them get on a drunk. When drunk he would leave his helpless brother alone sometimes for hours, and the unfortunate little man could only lie in his wagon, and wait patiently for his return.

They got to Atlanta the latter part of last week, and the brother, who was a drunk, got on a drunk, and fell into the hands of the police. He was kept locked up all night, and all night the little fellow lay in the prison waiting for his brother's trial. The drunken man was tried the next day and the cripple paid his fine out of his small savings.

Yesterday the cripple decided to leave Atlanta. Morrow, and he begged his brother not to drink during the day. But his appetite for drink proved too strong and he got drunk again.

About the middle of the afternoon the drunken man started out through the heavy rain for Macon, pulling the wagon in which his brother lay.

The rain saturated the cripple through and through, but he offered no protest.

Near the East Tennessee shops the drunken brother got into a quarrel with some one and was arrested. The cripple was placed in the patrol wagon and brought to the police station.

He begged pitifully for the release of his brother.

"He's got drunk lots of times," he said.

"I have to have him with me."

"He often leaves me alone, but when he gets sober he comes back. I pay him to pull me around."

The little drawn-up, helpless man's pleading was too touching to be denied, and it was soon ascertained that his brother was sober the police captain released him. He walked out and catching hold of the wagon walked out in the rainy, muddy streets.

The man who stays at home when his vote is needed is no better than a bolter. Your party needs you today. Don't fail to vote!

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT.

The Westmoreland-Rountree Case Was Concluded—No Decision Yet.

The Westmoreland-Rountree case was concluded yesterday and the judge will render his decision in a few days. A number of affidavits were introduced and Mr. Rountree and Mr. Jackson closed the argument.

Another case was that of Curtis against the Atlanta Street Railway Company, bill of lading, etc. Curtis alleged, used in putting down their rails, a street railway chair which was an infringement upon his invention.

Messrs. Harden and King represent the street car company and Mr. Mason the inventor.

Mr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere, and it always cures coughs and colds.

A Musical Entertainment.

The Epsom League of Payne's church will give a musical and literary entertainment this evening at 7:30 at the church. Some of the best talent in the city will take part.

If you want to enjoy yourself come out and laugh and great fat and hear what trained talent can do.

Admission only 10 cents; for the benefit of the church.

An Entertainment.

There will be a musical and literary entertainment at Payne's church this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Good Cooking.

Is one of the chief blessings of every home. To always insure good custards, puddings, sauces, etc., use Gail Borden's "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on the label. Sold by your grocer and druggist.

Mr. Mell of the Third.

Whereas, A meeting of the friends of Mr. J. H. Mell was this night called to consider his candidacy for councilman from the third ward.

Whereas, He has been endorsed by a meeting of citizens of the third, first and second wards.

Resolved, That we, the citizens of the fourth ward, join with these wards in presenting the name of Mr. Mell to the voters of the city as a gentleman well qualified to represent us, whose integrity and character is a guarantee of failure and honest administration of the city's affairs.

A. A. WOOD, Chairman.

A. M. SHOMO, Secretary.

Fires in Thomasville.

Thomasville, Ga., November 7.—(Special.) A tobacco barn on Mr. Macmillan's place was burned tonight. There was about two thousand pounds of the leaf stored in the building. No one was living on the place and it is not known how the fire originated. Insurance on the barn and tobacco was \$300.

A cottage in the rear of Jackson street was also burned early this morning. It was owned by Mrs. H. E. Reach and was insured in the Scottish Union for \$425. A lamp started the blaze.

The young woman held out her hand impulsively, and he shook it eagerly.

"I am not your daughter," she exclaimed with spirit. "You are foolish. I never saw your face before. My home is in Chattanooga."

If the old man had been struck dead on the spot it would have had the effect on him as was produced by the girl's strange demeanor.

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A Household Remedy.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS are the only reliable plasters ever produced. Fragrant, clean, inexpensive, and never failing; they fully meet all the requirements of a household remedy, and should always be kept on hand.

For the Relief and Cure of Weak Back,

Weak Muscles, Lameness, Stiff or Enlarged Joints, Pains in the Chest, Small of the Back and around the Hips, Strains, Stitches, and all Local Pains, Allcock's Porous Plasters are unequalled.

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for ALLCOCK'S, and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

'WELL BRED, SOON WED" GIRLS WHOSE

SAPOLIO

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

to the

STILSONS  
WATCHES,  
DIAMONDS  
AND  
JEWELRY  
55 Whitehall St.  
STILSONS

MURRELL'S LINE.  
FROM BRUNSWICK TO LIVERPOOL AND BREMEN.  
The Only South Atlantic Line to European Ports.

SHORT ROUTE TO EUROPE.

Commencing September 20th, 1892, the following Steamships will make regular sailings from

S. S. WIVENHOE, 1892 TONS, CLARK, BLACKLAW, Master.  
S. S. HAYGREEN, 1863 TONS, JONES, JENKINS, Master.  
S. S. J. J. COCHINWOOD, 1782 TONS, BA. LIVY, Master.  
S. S. STORR, 1734 TONS, BAINBRIDGE, Master.

Additional Steamships will be placed on the line as business warrants.

S. S. Deerhill will sail from Liverpool to Brunswick September 1st.

S. S. Deerhill will sail from Liverpool to Bremen September 3rd.

Commissions solicited to all points

## ON PETERS STREET

The Home for Fallen Women Will Be Located for the Present at Least.

## SO THE GENERAL COUNCIL SAYS.

The Body Meets in Regular Session and Entertains the Committees for and Against the Home.

The home for fallen women will be opened on Peters street this morning.

But within two weeks it must be removed from the locality never to come back again, unless it comes back over the protest of the people who reside all around the building in which it is located.

Between Mrs. Wolfe, who is at the head of the home, and the adjacent residents, this agreement was reached before the general council yesterday afternoon subsequent to a long and interesting discussion of the question in which all parties interested were heard. Every member of the body except Mr. Murphy was present, when Mr. Hill, of the fourth ward, paved the way to the debate by presenting a resolution. Mrs. Wolfe, of the home, and Mrs. R. S. Barrett, who has given so much of her time to the work, were on hand to advocate the adoption of the resolution, while Westley and others who have all along opposed it, came in to see that the home was not thrust upon them.

"I have here a resolution," said Mr. Hill, "which I desire read. It is relative to that home for fallen women out on Peters street. And right here I may just as well say that Mrs. Wolfe and Mrs. Barrett are both here to be heard on this matter and to be fully heard."

Mr. Hill's resolution as read by the clerk was:

Resolved, by the Mayor and General Council, that the board of police commissioners be and are hereby instructed to enforce the ordinance adopted and approved November 1, 1891, as it applies against the "house for fallen women" out on Peters street, and that the house on Peters street, and while this council cannot overrule the protest of the citizens in that vicinity, authorize the establishment of such an institution in that locality, and that hereafter the work of Mrs. Wolfe is worthy and should be encouraged, and it is the sense of this body that a lease for a term of one year, with option to renew, will be given to her on a tract of land on the stockade property, as much thereof as will be necessary for her purposes.

"I want to add to what I have said," resumed Mr. Hill, "that with Mr. Shropshire, I have gone all through that home and it's a pitiable story we could tell. There we found children who are there by no fault of their own and who are being well cared for. The work Mrs. Wolfe is doing is an excellent one, and I believe every one here will agree with me to that extent. That being the case, we should give her all the assistance in our power. I can't gain my own consent, however, to put her on a community that is so bitterly opposed to the home."

Mr. Shropshire, who had gone through the home with Mr. Hill, endorsed all the fourth ward gentlemen had said and he did it with considerable enthusiasm. Just here a letter was handed Clerk Woodward. It was from Rev. J. M. Brittain, pastor of the Central Baptist church, and was a strong appeal to the council not to grant Mrs. Wolfe the use of the house for the purpose indicated.

"I'll do what I can to amend that last resolution," said Mr. Turner, "by adding that the mayor shall serve without pay, too."

The motion prevailed, but Mrs. Barrett took the floor instead of Mrs. Wolfe. Mrs. Barrett spoke feelingly of the work which Mrs. Wolfe had begun in Atlanta, and of the great good she had accomplished in New Orleans and other cities. She declared that it was not Mrs. Wolfe's intention to locate permanently on Peters street, but that she only wanted to remain there until she could close a trade which they had begun.

"If we had the money," said Mrs. Barrett with a pleasant smile, "we would stay and you could let us stay a minute. We'd just go to buy a place and move into it. But until we get the money we must be the objects of charity in this noble work, in which all should take a pride in helping. We have now in view a pleasant place which will just suit us and there will be no objection to us, we will have to pay it. We have not been able to do, and inasmuch as we want to use the house we are on Peters street. That petition we sent in is signed by people who live right around the home. They don't object."

Mrs. Wolfe followed Mrs. Barrett, telling of the good work she had done in New Orleans and other points. She spoke of the arrangements made to receive her coming to Atlanta and of the help given to that had been held out to her in every way except in a location. There she had met nothing but opposition, and had almost become disheartened.

Mr. Renau made a strong appeal for the two ladies, saying it was only a matter of Christianity to help them locate the home. He said it was a great hardship to some locality, but in his opinion that was no reason why a location should be denied the home. Mr. Renau recalled two or three pathetic stories which came under his observation when he was a railroad conductor.

"Now these poor girls," said he, "might have been saved had Atlanta had a home like this. They are now seeking to set up. I'm for helping them."

"I'm not opposed to the home," said Mr. Turner, "but I do not think it is right to put it on a locality that don't want it. I know Mrs. Wolfe and I know well who she is. Not long ago we had a visitor at my home, a lady from New Orleans, and who knew Mrs. Wolfe well. The lady was born on Georgia soil and is now a leader in New Orleans society. She assures me that Mrs. Wolfe is well known in that city, and that no one there possesses the respect and esteem of the people generally more than Mrs. Wolfe. Mrs. Wolfe



Good Advice.

"My boy, I am going to buy you some Johann Hoff's Malt Extract which the doctor advised me to give you to build you up. He said a thin child is always delicate; nobody worries about a plump one. I know it will do it, and then only will I buy you the stone blocks to build houses with. You need strength first to become a man before you build houses." Dr. Fricke, a well-known practitioner of Phila., writes: "I have tried Johann Hoff's Malt Extract not only on myself but also on a great number of patients with marked success in cases of convalescence, impaired digestion, for mothers while nursing, for children, and in general debility, and have found it to be an excellent beverage for building up the system. In my own case of impaired digestion it has benefited me more than all other remedial agents which I have used." Be sure to obtain the "Genuine" which has the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle. His name is mentioned in New York.

The House of Refuge. Mr. Meador, chairman of the special committee on the house of refuge, presented the council with an invitation to meet the committee and the members of the county commission on Friday next, when the question will be fully discussed.

They Want More Land.

Some time ago the Georgia electric works bought from the city sixty feet of ground near their works. The company now wants a forty feet more at the same rate,

but the paper was referred to the committee on public buildings and grounds.

A petition for the opening of Hunter street from Thompson to Boundary was presented and referred to the street committee.

Miss Dennis & Roberts. General shorthand and copying offices, No. 448 Equitable Building. Stenographers furnished by the hour, day, week or permanent. Phone 1275.

In watches we are showing the choicest and even shown in Milled & Berkeley, 12 and 93 Whitehall street.

## UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED.

The Helvetia Milk Condensing Company's Entertainment at the Edgewood Avenue Theater Last Night.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather the entertainment to have been given last night at the Edgewood Avenue theater by the Helvetia Milk Company was postponed until tonight and tomorrow night.

They have perfected arrangements for giving the election returns tonight and all are cordially invited to be present.

"And I want to amend that," said Mr. Northern, "by giving them thirty days in that house and appointing a special committee of three to assist the ladies in finding a permanent location for the home."

Mr. Meador announced that he was against allowing the occupancy of the house for the purpose indicated, but declared that he would assist the ladies in any way that he could.

Mr. Holbrook took the same position as that occupied by Mr. Sawtell.

"I don't know that we have anything to do with this," said Mr. Turner. "There is an ordinance here which says that the house shall not be occupied for that purpose, and if they are not violating the law we can't make them move. If they are violating the law then there are the officers to make cases against them."

"But they are violating the law," said Mr. Hill. "They have eight women and eight children here."

Mr. Rice opposed the resolution, declaring that the council had no right to put the home in any locality where there was any opposition to it. He declared that he would fight it if it was put near him and thought every one else had the same right. He would be glad to give help to secure such a home for the ladies.

Mr. Meador's resolution was amended by Mr. Northern was read again. Mr. Westley then agreed to withdraw all opposition to the petition if the ladies would promise to move at the end of the two weeks. The amended resolution was then adopted, and Messrs. Meador, Rice and Sawtell were appointed to the committee of three to assist the ladies in securing a permanent location for the home. Mr. Hill's resolution and all other papers were referred to the same committee.

To Reduce the Salaries.

Mr. Boyd, of the aldermanic board, threw a great big bombshell into the large camp of candidates for aldermen and councilmen. It was an ordinance requiring the ordinance, increasing the salaries of the members of the general council, who are to be elected next month from \$200 to \$300 a year.

"I move," said Mr. Hill, "to refer that paper to the salary committee."

The motion to refer was adopted.

"Now I have another one in the same subject," said Mr. Boyd. "It is to make the gentlemen who are elected next month serve the two years without pay. I always thought it was a mistake to raise the salaries of the members of this body even if I am benefited by it—but that was done before I came in. The majority of candidates now are showing that I am right."

"I'd like to amend that last resolution," said Mr. Turner, "by adding that the mayor shall serve without pay, too."

"I move to table the ordinance and the amendment too," said Mr. Northern, with a broad, happy smile.

It was tabled.

They Want Money.

President Thompson, of the midsummer carnival, sent in a paper asking the council to appropriate \$500 to be used in lighting the streets along which the procession will move.

"I move," said Mr. Broyles, "that \$500 or so much thereof as is necessary, be passed up for the purpose named."

The motion was adopted.

The amount of appropriations remaining unexpended, as shown by the report of the finance committee was \$94,532.

To Elsewhere.

During the construction of the Forsyth street bridge a portion of the old capitol has been rendered somewhat useless by the work on the Forsyth street side. Then quite a number of glass have been broken and for all this Venable Bros. & Collins have asked the council to award them a sum of \$100. The chairman committee has been considering the matter and yesterday decided that if the petitioners had any claim to make they should make it to the contractors and not to the council.

To Open Alabama Street.

"I have here a resolution," said Mr. Rice, "which I want this body to adopt. It is a resolution in which all Atlanta is vitally interested."

The resolution provided for the appointment of a special committee of three to secure plans and specifications for a bridge over the railroad tracks on Alabama street.

"Now," said Mr. Rice, "since the city of Atlanta has paid the state \$2,500 to remove that perpetual injunction the state had, I think it is about time to begin work on that bridge. We can now go ahead and see what the bridging of the street will cost at least."

"That's about the best thing I've heard since I joined this body," said Mr. Hensel. "It's a most important measure and I'm for it. Over seven thousand people are over there who are absolutely shut off from the town. If they want to come to town now they must go two miles out of their way. They must come in by the Nelson street bridge or by the Magnolia street bridge. I've for this resolution of the other resolution that will secure the bridge."

"The bridge committee will have a report on that bridge before the year is out," said Mr. Turner. "We have not been asleep on the subject, but we have had no money to spend on it."

Mr. Rice's resolution calling for the special committee who adopted and Messrs. Rice, Stephens and Renau were named as that committee.

The amount of warrants drawn on the city treasury since the last meeting of the general council as shown by the report of the finance committee was \$100,962.84.

New Buildings.

The fire department committee submitted reports granting building permits to:

The South River Brick Co., 37 Dogtrot street; D. R. Morris, corner Walton and Marietta streets; Mrs. McFee & Son, 45 Courtland street; E. F. Jones, 22½ Whitehall street; Clark Howell, Sr., 12½ Whitehall street; Wyatt & Schmidt, corner Thompson and Mitchell streets; Chapman & Terry, 186 Peachtree street; Joseph Hudson, 83 Hulsey street.

A New Fire Law.

An ordinance was presented and adopted prohibiting a broom factory, a box factory, a junk shop or a trunk factory in the fire department and requiring those who now have them to come forward at once with their petitions to remain.

Sewers on Wallace, Piedmont and Jackson streets were authorized.

The House of Refuge.

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They Want More Land.

Some time ago the Georgia electric works

bought from the city sixty feet of ground

near their works. The company now wants

a forty feet more at the same rate,

Let every democrat do his duty today and vote for Cleveland for president and Livingston for congress.

wants to establish this home and put it under the control of a board of trustees. Those trustees are to be Messrs. E. P. Peters, George DeSaunier, Clark Howell, Burton Smith, Josiah Carter, two members of the council and the chief of police. That body of gentlemen is a good one, and we can all afford to trust anything in their hands. I'm for the home, but I can't vote for it on those who don't want it. I'll help them any way I can except to put it over there where those people don't want it.

Mr. Westley, one of the objectors, urged the council not to grant the petition. He assured the body that the people around the house would fight it through all the courts in the land.

Mr. Meador presented as a substitute this:

Resolved, by the Mayor and General Council. That Mrs. Wolfe be permitted to occupy the house on Peters street she now occupies for forty days, and a special committee of three be appointed with the police committee and instructed to investigate the matter and see if some place can't be devised for a location.

"And I want to amend that," said Mr. Northern, "by giving them thirty days in that house and appointing a special committee of three to assist the ladies in finding a permanent location for the home."

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## WEDDINGS!

WE have a very pretty line of silver articles designed especially for wedding gifts and at a moderate cost. If you are interested it will pay you to come in and inspect them.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,  
JEWELERS,  
No. 57 Whitehall Street

Don't be a bolter! Vote for the nominees of your party today, and don't fail to do your duty!

## THE SULTAN CABLES

That He Has Just Started From Southhampton in State.

MYRTIE PECK THE FAMOUS HORSEWOMEN

She Has Been Engaged to Give Exhibitions During Carnival Week—She Brings Nineteen Trained Horses.

The carnival directors held a large meeting yesterday and another feature was added to the already magnificent and dazzling list of special attractions.

Several days ago Mr. Charles W. Arnold, secretary of the board of directors, visited the Columbus exposition with the view of possibly securing a new number of the grand carnival programme.

And his trip was not without avail.

Miss Myrtle Peck, with her nineteen trained horses—thoroughbred beauties all of them—the main attraction at Columbus, has been secured for the carnival.

She rides races standing on two running horses, races on a chariot and rides running horses at full speed.

In fact she is a perfect horsewoman and her troop of trained horses is a circus in itself.

Miss Peck will also bring with her, the famous \$12,000 trick horse, Boston, conceded to be the best trained animal in the world. Then, too, she will drive the fast pacer, Silverlight, whose record on half-mile race track with his running mate, is 2:3 1/4. Her other pacer, You Bet, record on a half mile track with running mate 2:4 3/4, will be among the horses she will bring.

Miss Peck will give daily exhibitions and will undoubtedly prove the drawing card of the carnival.

**Special Order.**

In order to close all the final arrangements of the different departments of the carnival, and to give a carnival speech on all matters pertaining to the carnival in general, the chairmen of the different departments and as many of the board of directors as will be pleased to come will assemble for joint meetings with the president and vice president every day during this week at 10 o'clock a.m., at the office of the secretary, Charles Arnold, 212 South Broad street, room 4.

A cablegram from the sultan.

A cablegram was received yesterday by Dr. Joe Jacobs from his iridescent highness, his glorious kingship of royalty, the sultan.

He cables that he and his entire retinue including the sultanas are enjoying the best of health. His highness left Southhampton yesterday, having arrived there from Lisbon. The Aller, the finest ship owned by the North German Lloyd line, has been made the special boat of the sultan. The sultan anticipates a glorious victory for the rampant democracy, but will not turn back through such a calamity as Harrison's reelection does before us.

Everybody Must Decorate.

Carnival week is a series of festivities and jubilees that have been arranged only after hard and tedious work by the men who first centered upon the undertaking. And they deserve to be encouraged.

In a few days the sultan, who is rapidly approaching Atlanta, will issue an edict that the town must be decorated in honor of his coming and that the appearances of the temples must be towards the gala week. So the carnival directors asked everybody, especially the town merchants, to decorate with the carnival colors and this will doubtless be done.

Let everybody decorate!

Nothing contributes more towards a sound digestion than the use of the genuine Angostura Bitters, of Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

**Dixie Baking Powder.**

This is an absolutely pure cream of tartar and soda powder. Its perfect healthfulness and perfect leavening qualities we guarantee. It always gives perfect satisfaction.

**DIXIE BAKING POWDER CO.** F. E. Aspinwall, M. D., president; W. J. Collins, vice president; W. R. Collins, secretary and treasurer, 116 1/2 and 118 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga. Oct 1/1.

Our new stock of necklaces with enameled and pearl pendants are the prettiest ever shown in Atlanta.

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Sam Walker  
Makes the lowest prices and best work on the city maps.

**PERSONAL.**

C. J. Daniel, wallpaper, window shades and furniture, 40 Marietta street. Phone 77. Dr. M. B. Hutchins has changed his office from the old capital to 330, Equitable building.

Our prices are remarkably low on diamond engagement rings and the designs are the prettiest and never seen before.

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Maler & Berkele, 31 Whitehall street.

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Maler & Berkele, 31 and 93 Whitehall st.

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Electropathic Victory.

Made by Dr. H. Sanchez, the Inventor. Cures all disease without medicine. Price \$25 cash. Patients treated at office for \$1 per treatment. Beware of imitations.

State Agents, room 38 Grant Building.

Oct 29—1m

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BALLARD HOUSE

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A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just off the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience.

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The choice room.

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Jan 29—1d

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An Awful Though Unintentional Error.

is that of drinking whisky and using opium and morphine. Stop! Refeet! and apply to Dr. B. W. Wooley, Atlanta, Ga., and be cured as thousands of others have been who are now free from deluded minds and happy families. A treatise sent free to all applicants.

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City Maps.

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Carry your city maps to Sam Walker, 10 Marietta street. He will frame them nicely for you.

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WORLD'S FAIR ALBUMS

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Given Away by the C. H. and D. "The World's Fair Route," From Cincinnati.

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A magnificent album of world's fair views has been published by the Cincinnati Hamilton and Dayton, and is to be sent to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamp. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, in connection with the Monon route, is the only line running Pullman perfected safety vestibuled trains with dining cars from Cincinnati to Chicago. The "Velvet Route" of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton are admittedly the "Finest on Earth" and the line is a representative "world's fair route." For tickets, rates, etc., address any Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton agent. To get an album send your address with 10 cents in stamp to E. O. McCormick, G. P. and T. A. G., Cincinnati, O.

Oct 22 sun tues fri

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